Amnesty International International Secretariat 53 Theobald's Road London WC1X 8SP

WRITERS AND JOURNALISTS IN PRISON

NOVEMBER 1972

BANGLADESH

S.G.M. BADRUDDIN

Editor Morning News, Dacca; probably held on "collaboration" charge.

Salahuddin MOHAMMAD

Working for Pakistan Times, Lahore; probably held on "collaboration" charge.

MASWANI

Editor Chronicle, Chittagong; probably held on "collaboration" charge.

BRAZIL

Renato Ferreira NUNES

Journalist; held in special prison of the Marechal Caetano de Faria Regiment, Guanabara, Brazil; reported to have been suffering from a serious visual defect for many years which was recently operated and required special treatment. It is believed that he is held for exercising his right to uphold the freedom of the press. He was arrested in September 1970.

Paulo da Costa RAMOS

Journalist; accused of writing an article in June 1968 considered disrespectful to the authorities and harmful to national security. The case is being heard in Curitiba, Parana, Brazil.

Enio SILVEIRA

Date of arrest unknown; has been tried several times accused of publishing a book by Maia Neto entitled <u>Brazil</u>, Hot War. He is apparently no longer in prison but is being constantly harassed and periodically arrested. One trial finishes only to lead on to the laying of further charges against him.

CUBA

Angel CUADRA Landrove

Lawyer and poet; a man who always held literary interests, and in 1966 had been awarded a scholarship for a study of Spanish literature at the University of Madrid. In 1967 he was arrested for 'Activities against the State', and in May 1967 he was sentenced to 15 years imprisonment at a Military Tribunal in a War Counsel Summary Trial. The charges were ill defined, he was not given an opportunity for defence, and it appears that the substance of the charge may have been his desire to emigrate and reluctance to live in a Communist state. He has been held in Guanajay prison, from where he has sent several poems to Europe. Some of them are soon to be published in the magazine INDEX.

Ernesto DE LA FE Perez Journalist and editor; he was Minister of Information under Fulgencio Batista from 1952 to 1954, but resigned the post after two years and by 1956 was actively opposed to the dictatorial regime. He was arrested in his office on 4th January 1959, only days after Fidel Castro's Revolution, he was accused of 'collaborating with the Batista Government' and sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment. He could by now be free, according to Cuban practice of releasing prisoners who have served three-quarters of their sentences and are over 50 years old (he is 56) but this requires a pledge to adhere to the doctrines of the Revolution which Sr. DE LA FE refuses to do because he cannot accept Communism. His wife and four children live in Havana. He is held, in very poor health, in Guanajay Prison. Emilio Adolfo RIVERO Caro Journalist and lawyer; arrested in April 1961, and in September 1961 he was formally sentenced to thirty years imprisonment for 'an attempt against the security of the state'. He was included in a wave of arrests that came in the first years after the revolution, and five of those convicted in his trial were sentenced to death. According to one of our contacts, RIVERO Caro had entered Cuba in 1961, to report for the New York Times on the Playa Giron invasion. He has, it appears, been held in Guanajay prison, since 1961. ÇZECHOSLOVAKIA

Jiri HOCHMAN

Aged 46; worked as a journalist on Rude Pravo, the official daily paper of the Czechoslovak Communist Party, and then from 1968 on Reporter, the weekly publication of the Czechoslovak Union of Journalists. He was very active in the reform movement in 1968. He was arrested in February 1972, the charges are unknown. After having suffered a stroke in prisor, he was released provisionally for health reasons in July.

Ladislav KALINA

Film critic and satirical writer; aged 59. Professor at the Bratislava College of Fine Arts. He was arrested in February 1972 and tried in secret in July on charges of anti-socialist activity. He was sentenced to two years' imprisonment. His appeal was rejected in September. He is reported to be in very bad health.

Karel KOSIK

Aged 46; former professor of Philosophy at the Charles University in Prague. Apart from his academic writing, he was a regular contributor to the weekly journal of the Czechoslovak Writers Union, Literarni Noviny which became later Literarni Listy. In 1968 he became chairman of its editorial board. He signed a manifesto associating himself with the reform movement and later refused to recant. He was arrested in January 1972; has not yet been tried, and the charges are still unspecified. He has been released but is still undergoing interrogation.

Karel KYNCL

Journalist aged 45; radio and television commentator. He is a supporter of the reform movement and refused to abandon the cause after the Soviet invasion. He has had no permanent employment since October 1969. He was arrested in January 1972; tried in July and sentenced to 20 months' imprisonment on a charge of 'subversion'.

Jiri LEDERER

Aged about 49; prominent correspondent of Literarni Listy, the weekly published by the Czechoslovak Union of Writers. In 1968 he became one of the editors of the well-known radical political weekly, Reporter. He was arrested in January 1972 and sentenced in February to two years' imprisonment for 'defamation of a state of the World Socialist System and its representatives' - referring to his criticism of the Gomulka regime in Poland.

Vladimir NEPRAS

Aged 43; journalist on <u>Rude Pravo</u>, the official daily of the Czechoslovak Communist Party. He later became editor of the radical weekly <u>Reporter</u>, until its suppression in 1969. He was unemployed at the time of his arrest in January 1972. The charges are unknown. He was provisionally released in July on health grounds.

Vladimir SKUTINA

Author and television commentator. He was sentenced in February 1971 in Prague to 2 years' imprisonment for 'agitation', on a charge that he had written and planned to distribute two documents slandering the state. In June 1971 he was brought to trial again, charged with having insulted the First Secretary of the Czechoslovak Communist Party. His sentence was 4 years' imprisonment, replacing the earlier 2 year sentence.

EGYPT

Sayyid LOUTFI

Journalist and broadcaster, held since 1959 on charges of having broadcast anti-UAR government propaganda from Baghdad. He was sentenced to hard labour for life.

GREECE

Kostas FILINIS

Journalist; arrested in 1955, tried in 1960 and sentenced to 20 years: imprisonment. He was released in 1966 and re-arrested after the coup of April 1967. He is now serving a life sentence in Korydallos prison.

Alexios PAPALEXIOU

Former chief editor of a weekly paper which was financed by EDA (left-wing political party). He was arrested in May 1968 and tried a year later under Law 509 (Sedition). He was sentenced to life imprisonment and was in Aegina Prison - his sentence has been suspended for 6 months for health reasons.

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Stylianos PERRAKIS

Publisher and poet from Crete; aged 63. He was sentenced to 15 months' imprisonment in November 1971 for publishing a collection of poetry containing 'shameful and insulting' references to Greek officers. The book was published last May, called Poetry for National and Social Amusements. He has a history of nervous breakdown resulting from hardship during student years and has had a nervous breakdown while under arrest.

Spyros PLASKOVITIS

Editor; former Judge in the Council of State and author of Nobel Prizewinning book, The Dam. He has also contributed to New Texts (published in 1971 in Athens). He was sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment for carrying anti-government tracts in a suitcase. He has now had his sentence suspended for one year on health grounds.

Alexandros ZOGRAFOS

Editor of Laidos Patridis. He was arrested on 21st July 1969, tried in March 1971 and sentenced to 19 years for sedition.

INDONESIA

All those named below are detained without trial on the suspicion that they hold communist beliefs, and that these were reflected in their writings before the 1965 coup attempt.

Abdul Mana ADINDA

Formerly a journalist on Trompet Masjarakat Surabaya.

Tom ANWAR

He was on the staff of <u>Bintang Timur</u>, a Djakarta daily which represented the left-wing nationalist party, Partindo, and was a radical advocate of Sukarno's policies. He was Deputy Chief Editor and an official of the Indonesian Journalists Association Djakarta branch. Detained without trial since 1965 and now held on Buru island.

Rivai APIN

Writer and poet, aged 45. He played an important part in developing Indonesian literature after 1945 through his editorship of various literary and cultural journals. Arrested in 1965; he was editor of Zaman Baru, the journal of the left-wing cultural organisation, LEKRA.

ARISPRANOWO

Staff member of <u>Harian Rakjat</u>, the Communist Party daily paper. He was responsible for peasant movement news and coverage. Arrested in 1965.

DAHONO

Domestic news editor of <u>Harian Rakjat</u>. Arrested in 1970 or 1971; held at the Central Army Intelligence interrogation camp in Kebajoran-Lama, Djakarta.

GO Bing Kwan

Director of Warta Bhakti (formerly Sin Po), published largely for the Chinese community. Held on Buru island.

S. HADI

Poet and editor. Executive Committee member of LEKRA, the left-wing cultural organisation; now detained on Buru island.

Bandaharo HARAHAP

Poet and journalist, aged 55. At the time of his arrest he was Cultural Editor of the Communist Party newspaper, Harian Rakjat.

JULIARSO

Foreign news editor of Harian Rakjat; held in Salemba Prison, Djakarta.

A. JUSUF

Acting Secretary-General of the Asian African Journalists Assocation which had its headquarters in Djakarta until 1965. Editor of Sinar Harapan, the Christian daily paper. He was arrested in 1969 and is detained in Salemba Prison, Djakarta.

A. KARIM, D.P.

Chief Editor, <u>Warta Bhakti</u>, Chairman of the Indonesian Journalists Association, and a member of the Provisional People's Consultative Congress (MPRS) representing journalists as a profession. He was arrested late in 1965 and is held in Salemba Prison, Djakarta.

NAIBAHO

Editor-in-Chief of Harian Rakjat; held in Salemba Prison, Djakarta.

NIO Ham Djoe

Formerly a journalist on Trompet Masjarakat Surabaya.

OEI Hay Djoen (Samandjaja)

Writer and poet; member of the Central Executive of the left-wing cultural organisation, LEKRA, since 1959, and a regular contributor to the <u>Harian</u>
Rakjat. Arrested in 1965, he was among the first batch of prisoners to be transferred from Salemba Prison in Djakarta to Buru island.

Njoman S. PENDIT

Regular feature writer of the English-language newspaper, <u>Indonesian Observer</u>; also writer and translator of works on Hinduism, Indian religion and Hindu-Balinese culture. He is detained in Salemba Prison, Djakarta.

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PRAMOEDYA Ananta Toer

A distinguished novelist, essayist and biographer, he has also written several volumes of short stories. Arrested in October 1965, he was a member of LEKRA, the left-wing cultural organisation. Now one of 10,000 prisoners moved to indefinite detention on the island of Buru, in the Moluccas.

Hasjim RACHMAN

He was Managing Director of <u>Bintang Timur</u>, a Djakarta daily which represented the left-wing nationalist party, Partindo, and was a radical advocate of Sukarno's policies. He was also an active member of the Indonesian Journalists Association and is detained on Buru island.

Mrs RUSIJATI

She was on the staff of Antara, the national news agency. She was detained for 6½ years in Bukit Duri Women's Prison in Djakarta and in 1971 she was transferred to Plantungan, Central Java, a camp for women who are scheduled for indefinite detention without trial.

Bujung SALEH

Writer and literary critic, he is an authority on Multatuli (the pen name of E.C. Dekker), the Dutch author of the 19th century novel, Max Havalaar. From 1962 to 1964 Saleh was Professor of Indonesian language and literature at Moscow University. A member of Baperki, the predominantly Chinese organisation, whose leaders were arrested in September 1965, and which was banned in 1966. He was arrested early in 1967.

SATYAGRAHA

Until his arrest in October 1965, he was Chief Editor of <u>Suluh Indonesia</u>, the daily newspaper of the Indonesian Nationalist Party and a strong supporter of Sukarno's policies. The paper was banned in October 1965, but now appears as <u>Suluh Marhaen</u>. He was also Secretary General of the Indonesian Journalists <u>Association (PWI)</u>. He is detained on Buru island.

Mrs Sugiarti SISWADI

Short story writer and poet; regular contributor to <u>Harian Rakjat</u>, the Communist Party newspaper. She was arrested in 1967, released and re-arrested in 1970 and is now detained in Djakarta.

Djoni Hendra SITOMPUL

Editor, Pantjawarna, the weekly journal of <u>Warta Bhakti</u>; he was Secretary of the Djakarta branch of the Indonesian Journalists Association until the organisation was purged after October 1965.

Sitor SITUMORANG

Poet and writer; aged 49; formerly chairman of the National Cultural Foundation (LKN), an affiliate of the Nationalist Party (PNI). He was arrested early in 1967.

- 7 -Djoko SUGITO He was formerly a journalist on Trompet Masjarakat Surabaya. Mrs Lies SUKATNO She was a journalist on the Ekonomi Nasional, a paper devoted to economic and business news, which generally supported Sukarno's policies. Although the paper was banned in 1965, and many of its staff arrested, she was not detained until 1968. She was held in Bukit Duri Women's Prison in Djakarta, but has probably now been moved to Plantungan camp. Sjarief SULAIMAN Sundanese; former Chairman of Indonesian Journalist Association. SUPRIJO He was Economics correspondent for Antara, the national news agency. His health, physical and mental, is known to be poor; he is held at Salemba Prison, Djakarta. SUROTO He was Editor-in-Chief for Antara. He is held in Salemba Prison; his state of health is bad. Marlon TAMPUBOLON He was a reporter on Bintang Timur, a Djakarta daily which represented the left-wing nationalist party, Partindo, and was a radical advocate of Sukarno's policies. He is detained on Buru island. Benni TJUNG Born in Sumatra, of Chinese family; aged 35, he is a poet, writer and essayist. He was arrested in 1969 and is now detained on Buru island. WAHJUDI Staff member of Harian Rakjat, the Communist Party daily paper, he was responsible for labour affairs and trade union coverage. WALUJO He was Head of the Domestic News Section of Antara, the national news agency, and also an official of the Indonesian Journalists Association (PWI). He frequently accompanied President Sukarno on his national and international tours. He is held in Salemba Prison, Djakarta; his health is known to be poor. MAURITIUS hervé MASSON Writer and painter; he was Editor-in-Chief of Le Militant, the party paper of Mouvement Militant Mauritien'. He was born in 1919 and is married with four children. He was charged with libelling the Commissioner of Police in an editorial published in Le Militant in December 1971, accusing the Commissioner of partiality in issuing permits for public meetings. He was sentenced to 6 weeks' hard labour in February 1972 and subsequently detained without trial in anticipation of MMM agitation at the time of the visit of Queen Elizabeth II in March 1972. He is held without charge or trial.

PAKISTAN

Altaf GAUHAR

Editor-in-Chief of Dawn; sentenced to 6 months administrative detention.

Husain NAQI

Editor of the <u>Punjab Punch</u>, sentenced to one year's imprisonment. He was charged with 'persistently indulging in objectionable writings calculated to harm the national interest'.

Altaf Hussain QURESHI

Editor of <u>Urdu Digest</u>. He was sentenced on 14.4.72 by a military court to one year's imprisonment with hard labour and fines on the same charge as Husain Naqi.

Mujibur Rehman SHAMI

Editor of Zindagi; sentenced to one year's imprisonment on the same charge.

PORTUGAL

Antonio dos Santos

Secretary General of the National Union of Journalists and employee of the newspaper, A Capital. He was sentenced in February 1972 to one year's imprisonment with subsequent loss of civil rights for 5 years. He was charged with activities against the security of the state and with membership of the Communist Party which is banned in Portugal. His sentence was passed despite his statement that although he joined the Communist Party at the age of 16, he left it in 1958. He is now held in Peniche Prison.

RHODESIA

William Dzawanda MUSARURWA

Former Editor of the African Daily News. He was restricted in 1964, and detained from 1967 to the autumn of 1972 in Gwelo Prison. He has now been moved to Gonakudzingwa detention camp.

- 9 -SINGAPORE Shamsuddin Tung Tao CHANG Editor-in-Chief of Nanyang Siang Pau. He was arrested on 2nd May 1971; detained without trial under Internal Security Act. Ly Sing KO Senior Editorial writer on Nanyang Siang Pau. He was arrested on 2nd May 1971 and detained without trial under Internal Security Act. Lee Mau SENG Former General Manager on Nanyang Siang Pau. He was arrested on 2nd May 1971 and detained without trial under Internal Security Act. Mohammed Said bin ZAHARI Former Editor of Utusan Melayu; arrested in February 1963 during 'Operation Cold Store' shortly before leaving to attend the Afro-Asian Journalists' Conference in Djakarta. He is detained under Internal Security Act without trial or charge in Changi Prison. SOUTH AFRICA Peter MAGUBANE Photographer of international standing and reporter on the Rand Daily Mail: arrested in May 1969, charged with membership of the African National Congress and acquitted in February 1970; charged and again acquitted on 15th September 1970, then re-arrested and later released without charge. Altogether he spent 586 days in solitary confinement. Now restricted to a small area in an African township outside Johannesburg; his restriction order prohibits him from writing, publishing or continuing his job as a journalist. SOUTH VIETNAM Chan TIN Roman Catholic priest; editor of left-wing periodical Doi Dien (Face to Face). He was arrested and tried by a military court in October 1972 for publishing pro-Communist propaganda. He was sentenced to five years' solitary confinement and fine the equivalent of £3,000. He is also a member of the Committee for the Reform of the Prison System in South Vietnam, which has been declared illegal. SPAIN Gonzalo ARIAS Bonet Tried twice before in 1969 and 1970, he was arrested again in April 1971 and released some time later pending trial on accusations of threatening the security of the State from abroad, for which a 6 - 12 year sentence may be given. Attracted international attention when he attempted to act out his book The Poster People (Los Encartelados) in which he gives his philosophy of non-violent political action, and describes the movement of which he was the 'spiritual' leader, without asking people to follow him.

Jose Maria MORENO Galvan

Art critic; arrested in November 1970, released on bail and re-arrested in November 1971. The trial was scheduled for 25th November, on accusations of holding an unauthorised meeting (in commemoration of Picasso's birthday,) at Madrid University. The trial was postponed to a date as yet unknown.

Luciano RINCON Vega

He was arrested on 30th May 1971 in Bilbao and tried on 29th February 1972 in camera, on accusations of 'offences against the Chief of State'. He was sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment (the prosecution asked for 11). He has written articles, essays, books for Spanish language publishers in Paris, Ruedo Iberilo.

SUDAN

Abdullahi Ali IBRAHIM

He is a young lecturer at the University of Khartoum and the author of a considerable number of short stories and articles in cultural magazines. He is thought by some to be the foremost innovator in modern prose writing in Sudan today. Some of his writings have appeared in socialist and left-wing magazines in Sudan. In August 1971 he was arrested on the grounds that his name allegedly appeared on documents found on the leaders of the abortive Communist coup of the previous month.

There is no evidence that he supported the coup attempt or even knew about it at all. He was detained originally in Kobar Prison, Khartoum, but subsequently moved to Shala prison in Western Sudan where he is now held. His health is reported to be deteriorating and his eyesight failing. He has not been charged and has never been brought before a court.

TAIWAN

CHANG Tung

Joint Editor-in-Chief of New Life Daily News, a government newspaper. He was arrested in May 1970 for having been in correspondence with mainland China and having written articles about it. Officially charged with 'cultural spying for Red China'.

CHIEN Kuo-Shu

Correspondent of <u>China Times</u>, born in Chihlin in 1943, he was arrested after he had criticised a local party officer of the Kuomintang. The date and place of arrest and the official charges are unknown. He was sentenced under the Anti-Rebellion Law to 5 years' imprisonment. He is probably held in <u>Ching-Mei political prison</u>, near Taipeh.

CHOU Chung-ping

Joint Editor-in-Chief of <u>National Evening News</u>. He was arrested probably in connection with the case of LI Ching-sun (see further on). Officially charged with 'cultural spying for Red China', no trial known.

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HUANG Yi-hsing

Chief of local information bulletin of the <u>China Times</u>. He was arrested in November 1970 in connection with the case of LI Ching-sun and interrogated by the Taiwan Garrison Command. He was officially charged with 'cultural spying for Red China'. No details of trial or sentence known.

LI Ao

Popular editor and writer, sentenced in the Spring of 1972 by a military court to ten years in prison and six years' loss of civil rights for handing material about Taiwanese prisoners to foreigners for publication.

LI Chung-sun

Editor-in-Chief of <u>Central Daily News</u>, Chairman of Executive Council of <u>Great China Evening News</u> and joint Director-General of Broadcasting Corporation of China; also top member in Kuo Min Tang. He was arrested in November 1970 and officially charged with 'cultural spying for Red China'; alleged to have helped organise communist 'cliques' under the guise of study groups. He is being held and interrogated by the Taiwan Garrison Command. He was arrested for subversive activities and spying.

PO Yang (pen-name) or KUO Yi-Tung

One of Taiwan's most popular novelists and contributor to a major Taipeh newspaper. Arrested in March 1968 and held incommunicado for 6 months; accused of having been a Communist agent in Peking until 1949 (when Chiang Kai-shek came over to Taiwan) and assigned to Taiwan to engage in propaganda activities. He was sentenced to 12 years in July 1969. He is held at Detention House of Taiwan Garrison Command, Ching-Mei prison. His health is not good. His wife had to leave her job at the Broadcasting Corporation in Taipeh because of her husband.

SHAN Chien-chou

Chief editor of New Life Daily News, he was arrested for alleged activities for mainland China. Details of arrest, trial, sentence are unknown. He was charged with 'cultural spying for Red China'.

SHEN Yuan-chang

Wife of ao Yun-lai, arrested together with her husband, as a reporter on the same paper. Officially charged with 'cultural spying for Red China'. Reportedly committed suicide while under detention, but this is not confirmed.

YAO Yun-lai

Editor of New Life Daily News. He was arrested in 1967 by the Investigation Bureau and sentenced under Anti-Rebellion Law to life imprisonment for alleged activities on behalf of Peking. Officially charged with 'cultural spying for Red China'. It is rumoured that he may have been executed.

YOUNG Kun-nir q

Journalist, originally from Shanghai, he was arrested in 1969 by the Investigation Bureau and sentenced under Anti-Rebellion Law for listening to broadcasts from Peking. He is probably being held in Ching-Mai political prison.

YU Chi

Joint Editor-in-Chief of the China Daily News, Kuomintang paper. He was arrested in Tainan apparently in November 1970 and accused of working for People's Republic of China. He was officially charged with 'cultural spying for Red China'. No trial or sentence known.

Albert YUAN

Correspondent for Agence France Presse; he was arrested in May 1963, apparently for writing an article criticising the Taiwan Navy. He was accused of espionage, sentenced initially to 15 years, but his sentence was reduced by half. He is held in Tai Yuan military prison, Tai Tung, Taiwan.

Rizal YUYITUNG

Philippine born Chinese, born in 1923; managing editor of Chinese Commercial News. He was arrested in the Philippines and deported to Taiwan in May 1970 together with his brother. Both men were tried and sentenced to 2 and 3 years reformatory education respectively for 'subversive publications'. Quintin was released in the Summer of 1972.

TURKEY

Cetin ALTAN

Columnist in AKSAM, organ of the General Confederation of Trade Unions of Turkey. He was sentenced on 16.6.72 to 1 year's imprisonment for a speech made to Turkish Labour Party in 1967.

Nihal ATSIZ

Novelist; sentenced to 15 months imprisonment for a newspaper article, 'Kurdish Communism', reported 7.7.72.

Ismail BESIKCI

Professor of political science at the University of Ankara, charged with Communist propaganda and propaganda for separatism in scientific research and written work. His book, The Social Order of Eastern Anatolia, was used in evidence against him.

Kemal BURKAY

Editor of Kurdish magazine, Yeni Akis; arrested June 1972.

Turhan DILLIGIL

Editor of journal, Adalet; reported in prison in Le Monde, 5.8.72.

Mete DURAL

Editor of banned left-wing magazine, Oncu - Işçi (Vanguard - Worker). He was sentenced on 17.5.72 to 7½ years' imprisonment on charges of making Communist propaganda through publication.

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Suleyman EGE

Publisher and editor, sentenced to a total of 13 years' imprisonment under Article 141/2 of the Turkish Penal Code for the publication of a book on the Hungarian Peasant Movement and also for publishing Lenin's State and Revolution.

Abdullah EMRE

Editor of weekly paper <u>Toplum</u>. The prosecutor in charge of press affairs in Ankara opened investigation against him and Turhan Selcuk, the cartoonist, on charge of insulting the President in a cartoon by Selcuk. No further news of trial or sentence.

Vahap ERDOGDU

Editor of <u>Turk Solu</u> (now closed), he was sentenced in February 1972 to 6 years and 3 months hard labour for publishing 'propaganda' report of a discussion at TOS meeting in 1968.

Muzaffer ERDOST

Editor and publisher of <u>Sol Yayinlari</u> books, translated into Turkish; also of Stalin's On Leftist and Rightist Deviations, and Marxism and the Rational Question. Sentenced to a total of 15 years' hard labour, $2\frac{1}{2}$ years exile to Antalya and $2\frac{1}{2}$ years exile to Kugla.

Selahattin EYUBOGLU

Writer; arrested on a charge of translating Thomas More's <u>Utopia</u>, but no news about him since 26.5.72.

Nasih Nuri ILERI

Writer; sentenced on 26.10.72 to 7 years and 6 months imprisonment for translating a book on the life and work of Lenin. He was also sentenced to 2 years banishment under police supervision.

Alpay KABACALI

Former editor of left-wing weekly Ant (Vow). He is now serving a 16 month sentence for publishing 'an insult to the prestige of the President'.

Dogan KOLOGLU

Former editor of Aksam; he was sentenced on 28th July 1972 to 1 year's imprisonment on a charge of insulting the President in an article written in November 1967.

Abdullah NEFES

Charged under Article 142 of the Turkish Penal Code for translating Mao Tse Tung's <u>Selected Works</u> into English, sentenced to 7 years 5 months imprisonment imprisonment, followed by 2 years 5 months exile, and banned from the Civil Service for life.

Altan OEYMEN

DPA correspondent; one of the 5 journalists arrested in connection with hijacking of Turkish Airlines plane to Sofia in May 1972. They were accused of
being accomplices because they sent reports on the event to their papers and
agencies. No report of trial or sentence.

Dogan OZDUGEN

Former editor of ANT; he was accused of allowing publication of pro-Kurdish articles in this magazine. He was arrested in 1971, but there is no news of trial or sentence.

Osman SAFFET

Journalist; arrested in 1971 and accused of trying to overthrow the regime and violating the Constitution, but no further news of trial or sentence.

Zeynep SAGNAK

Journalist; arrested in 1971 and accused of trying to overthrow the regime and violating the Constitution, but no further news of trial or sentence.

Ilhami SOYSAL

Former columnist in AKSAM. He was sentenced to 1 year's imprisonment on 17.6.72 on charges of insulting parliament. An appeal was lodged in July/August 1972.

Mumtaz SOYSAL

Author and Professor of Constitutional Law at Ankara University; accused of having 'made communist propaganda' by using his book, Introduction to Constitutional Law as a background for his lectures to students at the Law Faculty at Ankara University. He was sentenced to 6 years 8 months hard labour and 2 years 2 months additional administrative exile and banned for life from public service. He is now serving his sentence in Mamak Prison in Ankara.

Mrs Sevgi SOYSAL

Novelist wife of Professor Soysal; imprisoned for having allegedly used harsh words against the armed forces in a restaurant during the confinement of her husband. After having served part of her sentence of 10 months, she is now living in exile in Adama.

Ahmet TUMUL

Former Chief Editor of daily newspaper, Yenigun; reported in prison in Le Monde of 5.8.72.

Erol TUREGUN

Editor of AKSAM; sentenced to 1 year's imprisonment for insulting parliament in his newspaper. An appeal was lodged in July/August 1972.

- 15 -Yasar UCAR

Editor of ANT. He was sentenced in February 1972 to 6 years and 3 months hard labour for publishing summaries of 'propaganda' discussion at TOS meeting in 1968.

Sabri YILMAZ

Formerly on the staff of the right-wing Moslem paper, <u>Bugun</u> (<u>Today</u>); sentenced to 16 months imprisonment for writing an article in which Communism is compared unfavourably with Islam, i.e. making religious propaganda.

It is known that there are many more journalists imprisoned in Turkey, but owing to the fluidity of the situation it is difficult to ascertain at any particular moment who is in prison and who has been released.

U.S.S.R.

Andrei Alekseyevich AMALRIK

Aged 34; author and playwright. In 1965 he was exiled to Siberia for 2½ years; he described his experiences there in his book Involuntary Journey to Siberia, which was published only in the West. In 1969 his book Will the Soviet Union Survive until 1984 appeared in the West. As a result of this publication, he was sentenced to three years in a labour camp, in the Kolyma camp region, in the extreme northeast of the country. He was then very ill with tubercular meningitis. In September it was reported that he had been transferred to Lefortovo Prison in Moscow.

Nikolai Nikolaevich BRAUN

A Leningrad poet, born 1938. Arrested and tried in 1969 on charges of anti-Soviet agitation and propaganda. Sentenced to 7 years in a labour camp and 2 years' exile.

Vladimir Konstantinovich BUKOVSKY

Arrested in March 1970 and committed to a mental hospital. He was declared 'sane' in November 1971, possibly under pressure of world attention. In January 1972, he was tried for anti-Soviet agitation and propaganda - this referred to his work collecting material on the confinement of prisoners in mental bospitals and sending it abroad for Western psychiatrists to examine. He was sentenced to 2 years in prison, 5 years in a labour camp and 5 years in exile.

Vyacheslav CHORNOVIL

Ukrainian journalist; brought to trial in November 1967 for having written a detailed account (known in the West as the <u>Chornovil Papers</u>) of the 1965-66 trials of leading Ukrainian intellectuals. On his release in 1969, he was forced to earn his living as a railwayman. He was re-arrested in January 1972 on suspicion of 'nationalist activities' and 'hostile activities against the socialist system'. The trial has not yet taken place.

Ivan DZYUBA

Born in 1931; Ukrainian writer and literary critic. After the publication of his book, Internationalism or Russification - a documented study of the Soviet nationalities policy as applied to the Ukraine - he was expelled from the Ukrainian Writers Union. He was arrested in April 1972 in Kiev. He has not yet been tried and the charges against him are unknown.

Sviatoslav Iosipovich KARAVANSKY

Poet, translator and journalist; born 1920. He was previously arrested in 1944 and sentenced to 25 years, of which he served 16 years. He was re-arrested in 1965 and in 1970 sentenced to 5 years, in addition to the remainder of his 25 - year sentence, for anti-Soviet agitation and propaganda.

Annasoltan KEKILOVA

Poetess from Turkmenistan; arrested in 1971, charged with writing letters complaining about conditions in the Turkmen Union Republic. She has been detained in a psychiatric hospital.

Taras MIGAL

Ukrainian poet; arrested early in 1972 and tried in July and sentenced to 3 years' imprisonment, on account of his activities in connection with the distribution of samizdat.

Valentin MOROZ

Ukrainian; born 1936. First imprisoned in 1965. After his release in 1969 he was unable to find work because of his 'criminal' record. In 1970 he was rearrested and sentenced to 6 years in prison, followed by 3 years in a labour camp of special regime followed by 5 years' exile. He was charged with the authorship of samizdat essays, and convicted of anti-Soviet agitation and propaganda. His sentence was particularly severe as he was considered a 'recidivist'.

Alexander PETROV

Poet and song-writer from Leningrad. He was arrested and tried in 1969 on charges of anti-Soviet agitation and propaganda and sentenced to 5 years in a labour camp with strict regime.

Oleksa RIZNYKIV

Ukrainian writer; arrested in November 1971. In May 1972 he was charged with anti-Soviet agitation and propaganda and sentenced to 5 years in a labour camp with strict regime.

Ivan SOKULSKY

Poet; arrested in 1969 and tried in 1970 for circulating <u>samizdat</u> literature. Sentenced to 4½ years in <u>labour</u> camps.

Irini Onufrivna STASIV-KALYNETS

Ukrainian poetess and weaver; formerly a teacher. She was arrested in January 1972. In September, she was charged with anti-Soviet agitation and propaganda and sentenced to 6 years' imprisonment and 3 years' exile.

Vasil STUS

Born 1938, Ukrainian poet and literary critic. He was arrested in January 1972 and charged with signing protest letters and publishing poetry abroad. He is being detained in a psychiatric hospital in Kiev.

Yevhen Sverstyuk

A Ukrainian literary critic, he is known for his work The Cathedral in Scaffolding, published abroad in 1970. He was arrested in January 1972 and charged with the dissemination of samizdat and anti-Soviet agitation and propaganda. He has not yet been tried.

Ivan SVITLYCHNY

A prominent Ukrainian litarary critic, he was arrested and imprisoned without trial from September 1965 to April 1966, for being the author of several samizdat documents. He was re-arrested in January 1972, charged with the dissemination of samizdat and anti-Soviet agitation and propaganda. The trial has not yet taken place.

YUGOSLAVIA

Ante Bruno BUSIC

Aged 33; journalist and member of the adminstrative board of 'Matica Hrvatska', the Croatian cultural organisation. He was arrested in January 1972, accused of 'conspiring to overthrow Yugoslavia's social and political system'. He was tried in September/October and sentenced to 2 years' imprisonment.

Adem DEMACI

An Albanian writer, born 1936. Sentenced to 12 years - probably in a labour camp - in 1964, charged with 'stirring up nationalist sentiment'among the Albanian minority.

Ante GLIBOTA

Aged 27; regular contributor to <u>Hrvatski Gospodarski Glasnik (Croation Economic Herald</u>). He was arrested in January 1972 and charged with 'conspiring to overthrow Yugoslavia's social and political system'. A trial has not yet taken place.

Vlado GOTOVAC

Born in 1920; poet, essayist, dramatist, journalist and Editor-in-Chief of Hrvatski Tjednik (Croatian Weekly). Arrested in January 1972 accused of conspiring to overthrow Yugoslavia's social and political system'. Tried and sentenced in September/October 1972 to 4 years' imprisonment.

Jozo IVICEVIC-BAKULIC

Aged 42; Editor of Hrvatski Tjednik (Croatian Weekly). He was arrested in January 1972 and acuused of 'conspiring to overthrow Yugoslavia's social and political system'. The trial began in September; he has not yet been sentenced.

Zvonimir KOMARICA

Aged 52; journalist. Arrested in January 1972, charged with 'conspiring to overthrow Yugoslavia's social and political system'. The trial began in September but he has not yet been sentenced.

Vlatko PAVLETIC

Born in 1930; prominent literary critic, essayist, publicist and journalist. He was arrested in January 1972, accused of 'conspiring to overthrow Yugoslavia's social and political system'. His trial has not yet taken place.

Dr Hrvoje SOSIC

Aged 44; Professor of Economics in Zagreb and economics editor of Hrvatski
Tjednik (Croation Weekly). He was arrested in January 1972, charged with
'encouraging Croatian nationalism' and counter revolutionary activity. He
was tried September/October 1972 and sentenced to 2½ years' imprisonment.

Dr Franjo TUDJMAN

Born in 1922; Professor of History at Zagreb University. He was arrested in January 1972 and charged with 'hostile propaganda' and 'association with extremist political emigres'. He was tried in September/October 1972 and sentenced to 2 years' imprisonment.